

PMI commentary

05/02/2018

Australia

PMI surveys signal slower growth and easing price pressures in January

- PMI surveys show slower growth at start of 2018...
- ... thanks to weaker rises in both manufacturing and service sector activity
- Employment growth softens
- Inflationary pressures ease

The Australian economy started 2018 in good health, but the latest Commonwealth Bank PMI surveys pointed to slower growth. Inflationary pressures also eased, dampening expectations of tighter monetary policy this year.

The Commonwealth Bank of Australia Composite PMI™ Output Index slipped from 55.5 in December to 54.2 in January. Output growth eased in response to a slower rise in new business, with order book growth at its weakest since the survey started in May 2016.

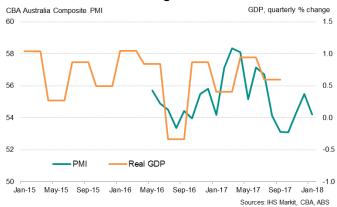
Growth slowed in both the manufacturing and service sectors during the month, though the former continued to enjoy the stronger pace of expansion.

However, the slowdown may prove temporary as business confidence about the year ahead remained elevated, suggesting that companies are, on balance, expecting activity to pick up over the medium term.

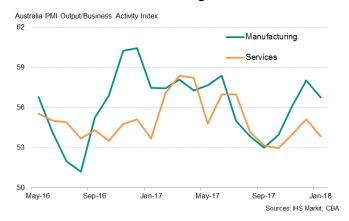
Job creation slows

The slower expansion in turn saw payroll numbers rising at a reduced rate, also a survey low, contrasting with solid gains in recent quarters. The impact was greater in the service sector than manufacturing. Factory jobs growth was down slightly from December, reaching a four-month low but still solid overall, suggesting it is far less likely to see a big drop in the number of new jobs at the start of the year when official employment figures are released. In contrast, service sector jobs growth slipped to the weakest in the survey history.

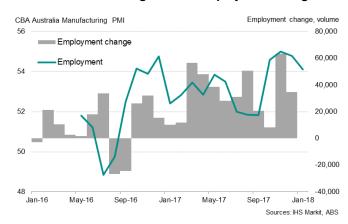




CBA Australia PMI: manufacturing and service sectors



Australia Manufacturing PMI and employment change



Continued...



However, the slowdown in employment growth may prove short-lived or at least very limited, as capacity pressures continued to be seen in January. Growth of outstanding business remained above the series average, which should underpin further job creation. Furthermore, companies' future expectations about business activity levels in a year's time remained elevated, suggesting companies should remain in hiring mode.

Inflationary pressures ease

While the January survey data showed a further rise in input costs, the rate of increase eased to the lowest in the survey's 21-month history. In response to slower cost increases, firms raised average prices charged for goods and services at a modest rate, the lowest in six months. Consumer prices rose 1.9% in 2017, remaining below the RBA's target band of 2-3% for the third consecutive year.

Bernard Aw

Principal Economist IHS Markit

Tel: +65 6922 4226

Email: <u>bernard.aw@ihsmarkit.com</u>

<u>Click here</u> for more PMI and economic commentary. For further information, please visit www.ihsmarkit.com

Australia PMI and consumer inflation

