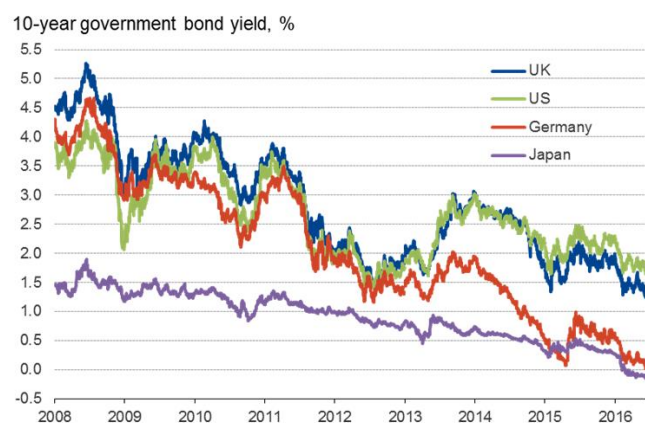


Bond investors flock to US amid global yield drought

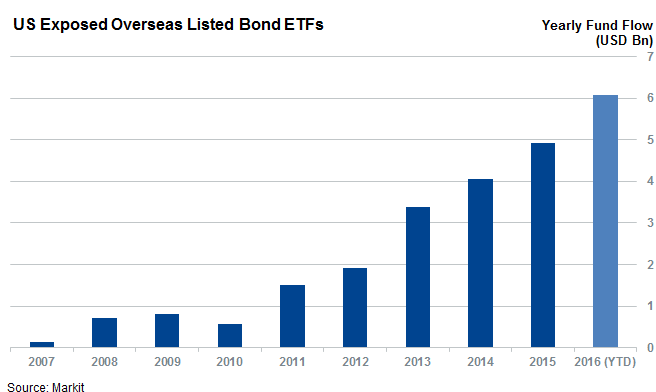
US exposed bond ETFs listed overseas have been the hot trade in the global quest for yield with these assets set to smash last year's inflow total.

- Overseas US exposed bond ETFs attract \$6.1bn of inflows ytd, surpassing last year's \$4.9bn
- European investors make up the near totality of overseas flows heading into US
- Yields difference between USD and EUR denominated debt surges to new highs

The US fed, the sole major rate setting body to have tightened monetary policy in the last 12 months, has pushed dollar denominated yields to the top of the global pile. Yield starved overseas investors are now clamouring to gain exposure to relatively high yielding dollar denominated debt.



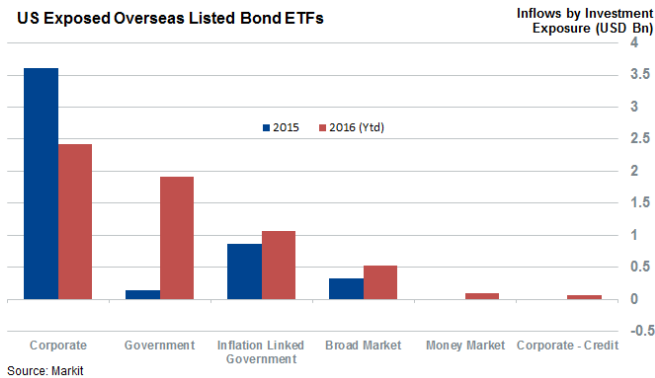
US exposed overseas listed ETFs have seen over \$6bn of inflows year to date which has already overhauled last year's \$4.9bn haul. Investor appetite for US exposed bonds shows no signs of slowing down heading into the June Fed meeting given that these ETFs recorded just under \$300m of inflows yesterday, the largest one day tally since early February.



European investors in the driving seat

European investors are the ones driving that trend as all but \$42m of the inflows into US overseas listed bond ETFs have come from European listed funds. This trend speaks more to the relatively less developed nature of the Asian and Middle Eastern ETF market, which contains a lot less cross border products.

Government bonds are slightly ahead of corporate bonds in terms of inflows with treasuries and their inflation hedged TIPS cousins attracting \$1.9 and \$1.1bn of inflows ytd respectively. This haul is nearly three times the entire 2015 tally for the asset class and highlights the demand for decent yielding safe assets.



recent slide which would boost value of funds held by investors in overseas currencies.

This trend is also played out in the relatively higher yielding corporate bonds which have seen \$2.4bn of inflows ytd. Last year’s record \$3.6bn inflow tally into overseas listed US corporate bond funds was driven by high yield funds, which attracted \$2.9 bn of inflows but investors have opted for relatively safer investment grade products in the year so far. To this end, investment grade products have attracted \$2.3bn of inflows ytd, while the net inflows gathered by their investment grade peers has come in at \$110m over the same period of time.

Yield difference drives trends

This strong appetite for US exposed assets has been driven by the recent plunging bonds rates in Europe which has forced income seeking investors to become ever more pragmatic in the search for yield. This trend is reflected in the yields difference of the dollar denominated iBoxx indices relative to their euro denominated peers. That yield difference starts at 1% for sovereign bonds and jumps to over 2% for both high yield and investment grade bonds.

The fear of an interest rate hike is also less relevant for overseas investors as this move could see the US dollar rebound from its

Simon Colvin

Analyst

Markit

Tel: 207 260 7614

Email: simon.colvin@markit.com

The intellectual property rights to this report provided herein is owned by Markit Group limited. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without Markit’s prior consent. Markit shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information (“data”) contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omission or delays in the data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall Markit be liable for any special, incidental, consequential damages, arising out of the use of the data. Markit is a trademark owned by the Markit group.

This report does not constitute nor shall it be construed as an offer by Markit to buy or sell any particular security, financial instrument or financial service. The analysis provided in this report is of a general and impersonal nature. This report shall not be construed as providing investment advice that is adapted to or appropriate for any particular investment strategy or portfolio. This report does not and shall not be construed as providing any recommendations as to whether it is appropriate for any person or entity to “buy”, “sell” or “hold” a particular investment.