

Economic Research 06/06/2017

Ireland

Brexit-exposed sectors in Ireland see rebound in first half of 2017

- Firms in sectors most exposed to Brexit see return to growth
- Divergence with less exposed sectors narrows

Sectors in Ireland most exposed to Brexit have seen a swift rebound in output growth in the first half of 2017 after being hit hard in the immediate aftermath of the UK's vote to leave the EU.

Latest PMI data compiled by IHS Markit for Investec suggest that growth has returned to pre-referendum levels ahead of the start of the crucial negotiations between the UK and EU later this month.

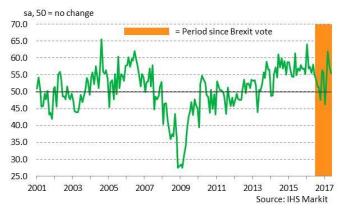
'Brexit-exposed' sectors see rebound

In November last year our research indicated that those sectors in Ireland most exposed to Brexit¹ <u>suffered in the wake of the UK's referendum</u>, seeing output, new orders and employment all decline. These sectors include manufacturing of food and metal products as well as transport industries.²

Updating this analysis with the most recent PMI data, however, shows that these sectors have recovered well, with growth rates back to where they were prereferendum. Output has now risen for four consecutive months up to May, with growth having even hit a 14month peak in March.

These heavily exposed sectors have reported rises in output on the back of renewed growth of new orders, which had fallen in September and October last year. New export orders are also on the up, with May seeing the strongest monthly expansion since September 2015.

'Most Exposed' PMI Output Index



Confidence among firms in those sectors most exposed to Brexit has also recovered the ground it lost in the wake of the referendum, with May seeing the strongest optimism around the prospects for output growth since April 2016.

Rising workloads and improving business confidence have encouraged these firms to take on extra staff. Employment now has increased for eight successive months following a decline in September 2016, with strong hiring recorded throughout 2017 so far.

Divergence with 'Less Exposed' sectors narrows sharply

The gap in performance between the 'Most Exposed' and 'Less Exposed' sectors is now much narrower than in the months following the UK's referendum. May saw the Output Index for 'Most Exposed' sectors just 1.9 points below that for the 'Less Exposed', a lesser divergence than the average of 3.7 seen since the start of 2001.

The divergence with regards to new orders has also narrowed, while export growth in the 'most exposed' sectors has outpaced the 'less exposed' sectors in four successive months. Rates of job creation were broadly similar across the two groups in May, as was business sentiment.

¹ Based on analysis by the Irish government

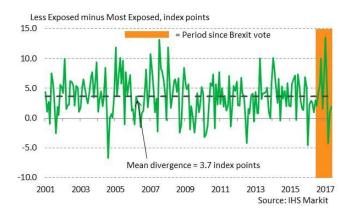
http://www.budget.gov.ie/Budgets/2017/Documents/An Exposure A nalysis of Sectors of the Irish Economy%20 final.pdf? sm au =i PV1S2knkDS2rJjV

 $^{^{2}\ {\}rm A}$ full list of the sectors included can be found in the Appendix of our previous note:

http://www.markit.com/Commentary/NewsCommentarieFile?CMSID =9ba58e856e6043968874f5ca76ee78c2



Divergence between 'Most Exposed' and 'Less Exposed' sectors



It looks, therefore, as though Brexit worries have moved to the back of the minds of both Irish companies and their customers as 2017 has progressed. However, those firms in sectors most exposed to Brexit will be watching the start of negotiations in a few weeks' time closely for any signs as to how the future trading relationship with the UK might end up.

Andrew Harker

Senior Economist, IHS Markit Tel: +44 149 1461 016

Email: andrew.harker@ihsmarkit.com

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