

Markit Economic Research

09/06/2016

Nigeria

PMI signals renewed downturn as recession looms

- PMI falls into negative territory for third time in four months...
- ...raises possibility of recession following 0.4% contraction of GDP in first quarter
- Inflation, currency weakness and fuel shortages all issues facing economy

Recent data releases suggest that Nigeria is at risk of sliding into recession. After GDP figures published last month showed that the economy had contracted over the first quarter, the Stanbic IBTC Bank PMI signalled a downturn for the third time in four months during May. With inflation, currency weakness and fuel shortages all depressing the economy, Nigeria looks unlikely to escape recession in the second quarter.

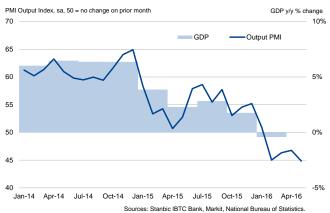
The PMI, which pools responses from around 400 companies and gives early insight into the health of the private sector economy each month, painted a bleak picture in May. Output fell at a survey-record pace, while new orders declined after stabilising in April. As a result, business conditions worsened for the third time in four months, contrasting with growth seen throughout the first two years of data collection.

GDP confirms torrid start to 2016

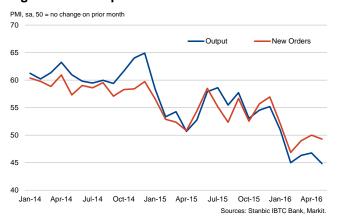
In line with the deteriorating PMI trend seen at the start of the year, first quarter GDP results were even worse than expected. The data, complied by the National Bureau of Statistics, showed the economy contracting 0.4% on an annual basis, the first year-on-year decline since the second quarter of 2004. With the PMI signalling an ongoing downturn in output through April and May, a technical recession is signalled for the first half of the year.

The risk of recession calls for further stimulus, but policymakers are caught with little room for manoeuvre. So far this year, the central bank has generally leaned towards curbing inflation rather than stimulating growth – the interest rate has risen by 100 basis points to 12% since January. It remains to be seen whether they will stick with this approach as we

Nigeria Output PMI vs GDP



Nigeria PMI: Output vs New Orders



Nigeria CPI



Continued...



move towards the second half of the year with the threat of recession looming large.

Inflation surged to a near-six year high in April, meaning that any policy loosening could risk pushing inflation higher. The government has so far also resisted calls to devalue the naira, which is fixed against the US dollar. This has led to difficulties in accessing foreign exchange, and a subsequent fuel shortage. With oil being central to Nigeria's economy, its lack of supply and the currency weakness continue to place upward pressure on prices.

Further information

For more information about the Nigeria PMI, please contact <u>economics@markit.com</u>.

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